Financial Statements
June 30, 2014

Idaho State Building Authority

EideBailly
CPAs & BUSINESS ADVISORS

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Commissioners of the
Idaho State Building Authority
Boise, Idaho

Report on the Financial Statements
We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Idaho State Building Authority (the Authority), a component unit of the State of Idaho, which comprise the statement of net position as of June 30, 2014, and the related statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and the statement of cash flows the for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements
Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility
Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Authority's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

877 W. Main St., Ste. 800 | Boise, ID 83702-5858 | T 208.344.7150 | F 208.344.7435 | EOE

Opinion
In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Idaho State Building Authority as of June 30, 2014, and the changes in financial position and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information
Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information
Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's financial statements. The combining statements listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards
In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated September 29, 2014 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That reports is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Eide Bailly LLP

Boise, Idaho
September 29, 2014

Commission Members and Administrative Officers

The Board of Commissioners of the Idaho State Building Authority includes:

Commissioner	Term Expiration
V. L. "Bud" Tracy, Chairman	January 1, 2016
James C. Hammond, Vice Chairman	January 1, 2017
Candice Allphin, Commissioner	January 1, 2019
Tim Anderson, Commissioner	January 1, 2018
Shelly Enderud, Commissioner	January 1, 2016
John R. Ewing, Commissioner	January 1, 2019
Gregory J. Schade, DDS, MS	January 1, 2017

Commissioners are appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate for staggered terms of five years. Commissioners hold office for their respective terms and until a successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

The law firm Meuleman Mollerup LLP (the "Firm") of Boise, Idaho is general legal counsel to the Authority. Wayne Meuleman, a partner of the Firm, serves as Executive Director and Secretary of the Authority. The Firm provides all administrative and management services for the Authority. The Authority has no employed staff and engages outside professional services as needed in conducting the business of the Authority.

Operations and Proceedings

The Board of Commissioners held two regular meetings during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014 to conduct the general and ordinary business of the Authority. There were no new projects authorized or financed during Fiscal Year 2014.

Authority Facilities

All facilities financed by the Authority are leased to the State of Idaho ("State") or community college districts ("Districts") under separate annually renewable leases. The State and Districts have continuously renewed each lease and continue in possession of each project. Under the leases, the State and Districts are responsible for maintenance, repair and operation of each facility and all costs related thereto. The following describes each facility financed by the Authority:

Project No. 1 - The Authority's Project No. 1 was financed in 1978 and included three office buildings and related improvements constructed by the Authority in the cities of Boise, Lewiston, and Idaho Falls, Idaho, for use as state office facilities. The office in Boise is a ten-story building located in the Capitol Mall Complex. The office building constructed in Lewiston is located in the downtown area near Lewiston City Hall and Nez Perce County government building. The office building located in downtown Idaho Falls is adjacent to the central commercial district. All bonds issued for Project No. 1 have been paid in full and all facilities have been conveyed to the State without consideration.

Project No. 2 - Project No. 2 was financed in 1985 and involved the renovation of certain buildings and construction of new facilities for the Idaho State School for the Deaf and Blind at Gooding, Idaho. All bonds issued for Project No. 2 were paid in full and the school property and facilities were conveyed to the State without consideration.

Project No. 3 - In 1987, the Authority issued bonds to finance the purchase of the Idaho Industrial Administration Building located at 317 Main Street, Boise, Idaho, from the State of Idaho. All bonds issued for Project No. 3 were paid in full and the Idaho Industrial Building was conveyed to the State without consideration.

Project No. 4 - In 1988, the Authority financed the construction of a new 248-inmate medium/maximum security prison adjacent to the Idaho State Correctional Institution south of Boise, Idaho, and a 96-inmate addition at the Idaho State Correctional Institution at Orofino, Idaho. All bonds issued for Project No. 4 were paid in full and the Authority conveyed the Idaho Maximum Security Institution in Boise and the Idaho Correctional Institution in Orofino to the State without consideration.

Project No. 5 - In 1992, the Authority financed a new men's dormitory prison facility. The facility includes a minimum-security men's housing unit to accommodate 189 inmates, counseling offices, and two multi-purpose rooms for education and other functions. All bonds issued for Project No. 5 were paid in full and the Authority conveyed the Southern Idaho Correctional Facility's Prison Dormitory to the State without consideration.

Project No. 6 - Also in 1992, the Authority financed the costs of a new psychiatric hospital constructed in Orofino, Idaho for use by the Department of Health & Welfare. The hospital consists of a new 70-bed alcohol, drug, and psychiatric treatment hospital and includes support areas for administration, training, food service, therapeutic recreation, medical services, pharmacy, lab service, housekeeping, laundry and maintenance. All bonds issued for Project No. 6 were paid in full and the Authority conveyed the State Hospital North to the State without consideration.

Project No. 7 - In 1994, the Authority financed headquarters offices and related facilities for the Department of Parks and Recreation. The facilities are located in Ada County on approximately 18 acres on Idaho State Highway 21, approximately 4 miles southeast of Boise, Idaho. All bonds issued for Project No. 7 were paid in full and the Idaho Department of Parks and Recreation Office Building has been conveyed to the State without consideration.

Project No. 8 - In 1998, the Authority financed and developed a 1,250-inmate medium/minimum security prison for the Idaho Board of Corrections and its Department of Correction. The facilities are leased to the Department of Correction. Project No. 25, IDOC Prison Industries (PI) Warehouse Building Conversion involved renovation of a warehouse building constructed as part of Project No. 8 to convert the building to a prison housing facility.

Project No. 9 - In 2000, the Lava Hot Springs Foundation (the Foundation) entered into agreements with the Authority for the purpose of acquiring and financing certain access improvements and recreational facilities (the Improvements). The Authority approved funding of the Improvements totaling approximately $400,000 from unrestricted funds of the Authority and entered into a lease agreement with the Foundation for the Improvements. All outstanding debt for Project No. 9 was paid in full. The Improvements to the Lava Hot Springs Foundation have been conveyed to the Foundation without consideration.

Project No. 10 - In 2001, the Authority issued bonds to finance an exchange of property for certain Idaho endowment lands and improvements adjoining Ponderosa State Park in McCall, Idaho. The acquired properties were leased to Idaho Department of Parks and Recreation to be used as additions to Ponderosa State Park. All bonds issued for Project No. 10 were paid in full. The acquired properties adjoining Ponderosa State Park have been conveyed to the State without consideration.

Project No. 11 - In 2001, the Authority issued bonds to finance new living and treatment facilities for 60 residents on the existing campus of the Idaho State School and Hospital in Nampa, Idaho. The project was constructed on property within the campus of Idaho State School and Hospital leased to the Authority and the project is leased back to the IDHW pursuant to an annually renewable lease. On April 10, 2012, to achieve a debt service savings, the Authority issued Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2012A, to refund the 2001B revenue bonds.

Project No. 12 - In 2001, the Authority issued bonds and entered into an agreement with the Idaho Department of Parks and Recreation (IDPR) to finance the acquisition of certain properties and improvements located along Billingsley Creek near Hagerman, Idaho, for multiple uses. The properties were purchased in September 2001 and leased to IDPR. On October 4, 2012, the 2001C Bonds were refunded by Series 2012J. A primary purpose of the refunding was to substitute the lease of the Billingsley Creek Properties with a lease of an existing office building that is utilized as the state-wide headquarters for Idaho Department of Parks and Recreation. The refunding also produced a NPV savings of 8.97% of refunded par value.

Project No. 13 - In March 2002, the Legislature adopted House Concurrent Resolution No. 60 authorizing the University of Idaho (UI), Idaho State University (ISU) and Idaho Department of Water Resources (IDWR) to enter into agreements with the Authority to provide for the financing and development of several new facilities in Boise, Idaho, including office, research and educational buildings and related improvements.

In December 2002, the Authority issued its State Building Revenue Bonds Series 2003A and 2003B to finance an office and education building, known as the Idaho Water Center. Construction commenced in early February 2003 was substantially complete on August 10, 2004. The State decided not to proceed with the financing and development of additional facilities authorized by House Concurrent Resolution No. 60.

On June 19, 2012, to achieve a debt service savings, the Authority issued Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2012B, to refund the 2003A tax-exempt revenue bonds.

Projects No. 14 through 20: The Legislature adopted House Concurrent Resolution No. 30 in May 2003 authorizing Boise State University (BSU), University of Idaho (UI), Idaho State University (ISU), Lewis and Clark State College (LCSC), North Idaho College (NIC), College of Southern Idaho (CSI), and the Idaho State Police (ISP) each to enter into agreements with the Authority to finance and develop new educational facilities to be located throughout the State. NIC and CSI are community college districts. All others are state colleges, state universities or state agencies. The Authority issued bonds totaling $64,795,000 on July 17, 2003 to finance the proposed projects. The Idaho Department of Administration, through the Division of Public Works (DPW), was responsible for the construction of these projects and performed all construction administration services for each project. A summary of each project is as follows:

Project No. 14 – Idaho State University Classroom/Multi Use Complex: This project consists of a multi-use complex that includes the classroom building along with a 25,000 square foot Student Union Annex, and housing for 300 students. Of the total budget, the Authority provided financing for $12,177,000, the State of Idaho contributed $4,317,086 in non-bond proceeds, and ISU contributed the balance of $27,015,000. The Development Agreement among the Authority, the Department of Administration and ISU determined a substantial completion date of December 30, 2006. The construction was substantially complete on August 10, 2007. On April 10, 2012, to achieve a debt service savings, the Authority issued Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2012C, to refund the 2003D revenue bonds.

Project No. 15– College of Western Idaho Academic Building, [formerly part of the Boise State University West Campus]: This project is a three-story building which includes a lecture hall, classrooms of various configurations, science laboratories, computer lab, library, offices, bookstore, and multi-use dining spaces. Completed in 2005, the project was used by Boise State University. In 2008, with the consent of the Authority, Boise State University transferred its interest in the project and surrounding property to College of Western Idaho, an Idaho community college district formed in 2007. On April 10, 2012, to achieve a debt service savings, the Authority issued Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2012D, to refund the 2003E revenue bonds.

Project No. 16 – University of Idaho Teaching and Learning Center: The project is a comprehensive renovation of the University Classroom Center. The facility supports general education; tutoring and mentoring services; student life; support and other functions, services and activities. The project was completed June 2007. On April 10, 2012, to achieve a debt service savings, the Authority issued Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2012E, to refund the 2003F revenue bonds.

Project No. 17 – Lewis-Clark State College Campus Classroom and Activity Center: The facility consists of an events center-gym, multi-purpose room, classrooms, conditioning and workout rooms, and locker room/shower facilities, treatment and exam spaces, office and related support spaces, concession facilities, storage areas, public lobbies and restroom facilities, and storage areas and building mechanical spaces. Site work consists of the addition of several new parking lots, new access road and sidewalks, a new trash pickup facility, various new utility installations and site landscaping. The project was completed January 6, 2006. On April 10, 2012, to achieve a debt service savings, the Authority issued Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2012F, to refund the 2003G revenue bonds.

Project No. 18 – North Idaho College (NIC) Allied Health, Nursing and Life Science Building: The project provides a new facility for Science/Nursing/Allied Health programs on the campus of NIC. The building provides a full range of instructional spaces including classrooms, laboratories, preparation rooms, offices, computer laboratories, and distance education facilities. The project was completed August 30, 2005. On April 10, 2012, to achieve a debt service savings, the Authority issued Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2012G, to refund the 2003H revenue bonds.

Project No. 19 – College of Southern Idaho Fine Arts Addition: This project involves an addition to the existing CSI Fine Arts Building and includes a new 360-seat (+/-) Proscenium Theater with primary support spaces, general use lecture and classroom spaces, and specialized instructional spaces. The Authority provided financing totaling $5,402,000, non-bond proceeds were provided by the State of Idaho totaling $1,857,000, and CSI contributed $898,332. The project was completed December 1, 2005. On April 10, 2012, to achieve a debt service savings, the Authority issued Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2012H, to refund the 2003I revenue bonds.

Project No. 20 – Idaho State Police POST Academy: This project houses ISP/POST basic and in-service training program for the Department of Correction and the Department of Juvenile Corrections. The project has two large theater-style classrooms, two additional standard classrooms, computer lab, cellblock and living unit simulation areas, as well as an administrative area. The project was completed January 14, 2005. On April 10, 2012, to achieve a debt service savings, the Authority issued refunding bonds, Series 2012I, to refund the 2003J revenue bonds.

Project No. 21 – Eastern Idaho Technical College (EITC) Health Education Building: The project consists of approx. 40,000 gross square feet and provides a new facility for the Nursing/Health Education programs on the Campus of EITC. The building provides a full range of instruction spaces including classrooms, laboratories, preparation rooms, offices, computer laboratories, and distance education facilities. The project was completed December 31, 2007. On March14, 2013, to achieve a debt service savings, the Authority issued Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2013B, to refund the callable portion of the 2005A revenue bonds. The refunding resulted in a NPV savings of 3.577% of refunded par value.

Project No. 22 – Idaho State Capitol Restoration and Expansion: House Concurrent Resolution No. 47 adopted in 2006 by the Second Regular Session of the Fifty-eighth Idaho Legislature authorized the Idaho Capitol Commission to enter into agreements with the Authority to provide financing for the restoration and expansion of the Idaho Capitol Building. The project includes restoration of the existing structure and addition of underground wings to the east and west ends of the Capitol Building. On September 27, 2006, the Authority authorized the issuance of bonds in the amount of $127,090,000 to fund the estimated costs of the project. Substantial completion was achieved on November 12, 2009. When the project reached final completion in June 2011, all unexpended construction funds and related funds totaling $16,819,593 were transferred to the Debt Service Account. As of September 1, 2014, all outstanding State Building Revenue Bonds, Series 2006 were paid in full.

Project No. 23 – Lava Hot Springs Foundation, 2008 Recreational Improvements: Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 133, of the Fifty-ninth legislature, Second Regular Session, authorized the Lava Hot Springs Foundation of the State of Idaho to enter into an agreement or agreements with the Authority to finance certain improvements and recreational equipment for the Foundation. The Authority issued its Revenue Note, Series 2008 in the sum of $1,650,000 to U.S. Bank, NA. to finance the costs of acquiring and constructing the Improvements and to pay the related costs. The project was completed and was opened to the public on May 15, 2009.

Project No. 24 – Idaho Department of Correction (IDOC) Secure Mental Health Treatment Facility: House Concurrent Resolution No. 58, of the Fifty-ninth legislature, Second Regular Session, authorized the Board of Correction to enter into agreements with the Authority to finance and build a 300-bed secure mental health treatment facility on state-owned land. IDOC transferred $2.9 million to the Authority to pay for initial project development costs, including the administration, coordination and technical support to establish planning, site analysis and selection, preliminary plans, and the project development budget. A site was selected and design development drawings were completed. At the direction of the Board of Correction, IDOC instructed the Authority to return unexpended project funds to the State and financing and development of the project has been terminated.

Project No. 25 – Idaho Department of Correction Prison Industries (PI) Warehouse Building Conversion: In August 2008, the Idaho Department of Correction transferred $5,265,000 to the Authority to pay costs incurred to convert the Prison Industry Enterprise building to additional housing units at the Idaho Correctional Center. Construction of the renovation was completed in August 2009 and is occupied. The additional work required to increase the capacity of the facility's wastewater treatment operations to accommodate increases to the facility's inmate population was completed and unused construction funds returned to the Idaho Department of Correction in December 2011. In fiscal year 2013, accounting for this project was merged with Project No.8, State Prison Facility.

Project No. 26 – University of Idaho Livestock and Environmental Research: In November 2008, the University of Idaho transferred $90,000 to the Authority for costs for preliminary design services which were completed in April, 2009. Further work on the project has been suspended indefinitely pending further evaluation by the University of Idaho.

Project 27 – Office Building, Idaho Department of Parks and Recreation (IDPR): State Concurrent Resolution No. 123 adopted in 2012, authorized IDPR to enter into agreements with the Authority to pay all Series 2001C bonds issued for Project No.12, the Vardis Fisher and Billingsley Creek properties in the Hagerman Valley, by substituting existing property or facilities held by IDPR to support a new bond issue. On October 24, 2012, the Authority issued Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2012J to refund the 2001C revenue bonds. The refunding produced a NPV savings of 8.97% of refunded par value.

Project 28 – Capitol Mall Parking Facility: House Concurrent Resolution No. 47, adopted by the State Legislature during the Second Regular Session of the Sixty-First Legislature and Resolution No. 2013-1of the Authority adopted on February12, 2013, authorized the State, acting through the Idaho Department of Administration, to enter into agreements with the Authority to provide financing for the construction of a parking garage, surface parking and related improvements in the Capitol Mall area of Boise, Idaho. On March 14, 2013, the Authority authorized the issuance of bonds in the amount of $9,045,000 to fund the estimated costs of the project. Project construction began in July 2013, and the primary parking garage was sufficiently completed to allow the State to commence use in August 2014. Construction of the remaining improvements is to be completed by December 2014.

Additional information regarding capital assets and long-term liabilities are presented in Notes 2, 4 and 5 to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

The Authority's financial statements are presented in accordance with applicable provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements.

Using the Financial Statements

The financial statements report short and long-term financial information about the Authority. The Statement of Net Position provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets and deferred outflows) and obligations (liabilities and deferred inflows) at the close of fiscal year 2014. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position reports the Authority’s operations for fiscal year 2014 and the resulting increase or decrease in net position. The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about the Authority’s cash receipts, cash payments and net changes in cash resulting from operations, investing and financial activities and the flow of cash during the fiscal year.

The Idaho State Building Authority is a single-purpose governmental entity and is an enterprise fund for financial reporting with revenues and expenses recognized on the accrual basis. Capital assets are capitalized and depreciated over their useful lives. The notes to the financial statements contain, among other information, descriptions of the Authority’s significant accounting policies and are an integral part of the financial statements.

The combining statements, as shown on the table of contents, provide a detailed view of the Authority’s activities by presenting the financial information of the individual bond issues.

Financial Highlights

The regular financial activity for the year involved receipt of annual rentals for the lease of the various projects. Rental receipts are deposited into the respective Revenue Funds of the bonds issued to finance each project and are then transferred to the respective Debt Service Accounts to be applied to principal and interest on the bonds due within the applicable fiscal year and to the Administrative Fund as Additional Rent to pay administrative fees for the fiscal year. During fiscal years 2014 and 2013, there were no unusual or excessive administrative expenses.

The following table summarizes the Authority's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and net position as of June 30, 2014 and 2013.

	2014	2013
Other Assets	$ 9,607,561	$ 19,640,116
Net Capital Assets	275,359,685	277,138,064
Total Assets	284,967,246	296,778,180
Deferred Outflows	10,686,477	13,026,156
Current Liabilities	18,117,731	27,485,808
Long-Term Liabilities	171,384,045	198,965,615
Total Liabilities	189,501,776	226,451,423
Net Investment in Capital Assets	112,065,735	96,240,276
Amounts Restricted for		
Debt Service	4,366,384	7,799,523
Project Construction	1,474,255	7,914,952
Unrestricted	(11,754,427)	(28,601,838)
Total Net Position	$ 106,151,947	$ 83,352,913

Total Assets of the Authority as of June 30, 2014 were $284,967,246 compared to $296,778,180, as of June 30, 2013. Other Assets decreased approximately $10 million due mostly to lower rent receipts and increased bond payments. Net Capital Assets as of June 30, 2014 were $275,359,685 as compared to $277,138,064 as of June 30, 2013. The change is comprised of $8.3 million in depreciation and additions of approximately $6.5 million to construction in progress.

Total Deferred Outflows decreased by $2,339,679 due to the amortization of the interest rate contract and amortization of the deferred loss on bond refunding's of $1,629,746.

Total Liabilities decreased by $36,949,647. This was mostly due to principal payments of $26,587,336 and amortization of unearned rent of $8,661,307 during FY 2014. Total Liabilities at June 30, 2014 were $189,501,776 compared to $226,451,423 as of June 30, 2013. Total bonds/notes payable as of June 30, 2014 was $171,375,867 as compared to $198,957,437 as of June 30, 2013.

Total Net Position as of June 30, 2014 is $106,151,947 is comprised of $112,065,735 net investment in capital assets, $4,366,384 restricted for payment of debt service, $1,474,255 restricted for construction of capital assets, and ($11,754,427) unrestricted. This compares to a balance as of June 30, 2013 of $83,352,913. Total Net Position increased by $22,799,034.

The following table summarizes the Authority's revenues and expenses and changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013.

	2014	2013
Rent	$ 39,677,089	$ 40,637,315
Investment Income	125,445	164,134
Net Decrease in Fair Value of Investments	(80,719)	(121,097)
Total Revenue	39,721,815	40,680,352
Operating and Administrative	346,532	345,671
Bond Issuance Costs	-	408,351
Depreciation Expense	8,288,984	8,329,442
Interest Expense	8,013,606	8,541,063
Other Financing Expenses	273,659	282,945
Total Operating Expenses	16,922,781	17,907,472
Loss on Disposition of Assets	-	13,663,588
Total Expenses	16,922,781	31,571,060
Change in Net Position	22,799,034	9,109,292
Net Position, Beginning of Year	83,352,913	74,243,621
Net Position, End of Year	$ 106,151,947	$ 83,352,913

Total Revenues of the Authority for fiscal year 2014 were $39,721,815 consisting of $39,677,089 of rental payments from the State, $125,445 of investment income and ($80,719) in net realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments. This compares to total revenues for fiscal year 2013 of $40,680,352 consisting of $40,637,315 of rental payments, $167,134 of investment income and ($121,097) in net realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments. Rent revenues decreased during the fiscal year due to Projects 5, 6 and 12 being completed and deeded to the State in previous years.

Total Expenses decreased primarily due a decrease in interest expense and having no bond issue costs in fiscal year 2014. Total expenses for fiscal year 2014 of $16,922,781 consisted of $346,532 of administrative expense, $8,288,984 of depreciation, $8,013,606 of interest expense, and $273,659 of other financing expenses.

The total **Change in Net Position** for fiscal year 2014 was an increase of $22,799,034.

Requests for Information

If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Executive Director at: 755 W. Front Street, Suite 200, Boise, ID 83702.

Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	
Money market funds	$ 2,112,958
Money market funds, restricted for capital outlay and debt service	2,420,825
Interest receivable	28,106
Investments	817,913
Investments, restricted for capital outlay and debt service	3,419,814
Prepaid interest	807,945
Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	265,010,136
Non-depreciable capital assets	10,349,549
Total assets	284,967,246
Deferred Outflows	
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging activities	6,113,777
Deferred amount on refundings	4,572,700
Total deferred outflows	10,686,477
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	23,452
Accounts payable - construction costs	480,975
Accrued interest payable	1,879,676
Unavailable rent	9,619,851
Interest rate contract	6,113,777
Long-term liabilities	
Arbitrage payable	8,178
Bonds/notes payable - due within one year	19,472,910
Bonds/notes payable - due after one year	151,902,957
Total liabilities	189,501,776
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	112,065,735
Amounts restricted for	
Debt service	4,366,384
Project construction	1,474,255
Unrestricted	(11,754,427)
Total net position	$ 106,151,947

Revenues	
Rent	$ 39,677,089
Investment income	125,445
Net decrease in fair value of investments	(80,719)
Total revenues	39,721,815
Expenses	
Operating and administrative	346,532
Depreciation expense	8,288,984
Interest expense	8,013,606
Other financing expenses	273,659
Total expenses	16,922,781
Operating Income	22,799,034
Total Net Position, Beginning of Year	83,352,913
Total Net Position, End of Year	$ 106,151,947

Operating Activities	
Rent receipts	$ 31,015,782
Interest received	151,514
Bond/note interest payments	(7,626,868)
Payments to vendors	(256,188)
Net Cash from Operating Activities	23,284,240
Investing Activities	
Investments purchased	(1,918,406)
Proceeds from the sale of investments	2,764,832
Net Cash from Investing Activities	846,426
Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Purchase of capital assets	(6,510,605)
Bond/note principal payments	(26,587,336)
Net Cash used for Capital and Related Financing Activities	(33,097,941)
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(8,967,275)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	13,501,058
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	$ 4,533,783
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash from Operating Activities	
Operating income	$ 22,799,034
Adjustments to reconcile total operating income to net cash from operating activities	
Depreciation	8,288,984
Accretion of deferred interest, bond discounts, gain on refunding	747,579
Loss on sale of investments	17,701
Unrealized loss on investments	80,719
Change in assets and liabilities	
Interest receivable	8,368
Accounts payable	364,003
Accrued interest payable	(360,841)
Unavailable rent	(8,661,307)
Net Cash from Operating Activities	$ 23,284,240

See Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Authorizing Legislation

The Idaho State Building Authority (the Authority) was created in 1974 by the Idaho State Legislature under provisions of the Idaho State Building Authority Act of 1974 (the Act). The Act empowers the Authority, among other things, to issue notes and bonds to finance the construction or acquisition of facilities for lease to the State of Idaho (the State) and community college districts (Districts), subject to prior legislative approval. Under the Act, the Governor, with advice and consent of the State Senate, appoints the seven commissioners of the Authority for five-year terms. The Act also provides that (a) the property of the Authority and its income are exempt from taxation and (b) the obligations of the Authority shall not become an indebtedness or obligation of the State or any of its entities.

The Act, along with the bond resolutions adopted by the Authority, contains specific provisions pertaining to (a) the use of the proceeds from the sale of notes and bonds, (b) the application of rent and other revenues, (c) the creation and maintenance of certain funds and (d) the accounting policies for such funds.

The viability of the Authority is dependent upon the continued leasing of its properties by the State and Districts or disposition of such properties in amounts sufficient to repay any remaining debt related to the properties. As of June 30, 2014, all rent is paid to the Authority by the State or Districts of the State. The State or agencies of the State sublets portions of certain facilities.

Financial Reporting Entity

The Authority follows Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in determining the reporting entity. Accordingly, the financial statements include all funds for which the Authority is financially accountable.

The Authority is included as a component unit in the State of Idaho financial statements based on certain criteria in GASB. These statements present only the funds of the Authority and are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations of State of Idaho in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles of the United States of America.

Basis of Presentation

The Authority applies the “economic resources” measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities (whether current or noncurrent), and deferred inflows of resources are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the Authority. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the Authority. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

Budget

Pursuant to lease agreements and bond resolutions, the Authority annually adopts a budget of administrative expenses and prepares a budget of general revenue and expenses. The Authority is not required by law to adopt or publish an overall budget for operations.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the Statement of Cash Flows includes all cash and money market funds with a maturity of three months or less.

Investments

The Authority's investments are U.S. government obligations, i.e., Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Farm Credit Bureau, Federal Agriculture Mortgage Corporation (Farmer Mac Guaranteed), and Financing Corp Zero Coupon Bonds.

Bond resolutions and Idaho law limit investments to certain types of securities which meet defined standards.

Leased Facilities

In the Statement of Net Position column of the financial statements, capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported as assets. All direct costs of acquisition or construction of the facilities are capitalized. All depreciable facilities leased to the State and Districts are depreciated on the straight-line method over 40 years.

Upon full repayment of bonds related to leased facilities, the Authority is not required to, but may, transfer ownership of the facilities to the State, agencies of the State or Districts at the end of the lease period. The Authority has previously conveyed leased assets to the State at the expiration of the lease period. Currently, all assets of the Authority are leased to the State, agencies of the State or Districts. The leases are established in a manner that results in the lease life being less than the asset life. Based on the 40-year depreciable life, it is likely there will be remaining asset cost at the end of the lease period. Given this situation, it is possible that the Authority will incur a loss on disposition of assets if the Authority chooses to convey the assets to the State or Districts at less than the remaining asset value.

Capitalized Interest

The Authority follows the policy of capitalizing interest as a component of the cost of facilities constructed for lease. During the year ended June 30, 2014, the Authority did not capitalize any interest. The capitalized interest costs are amortized over the life of the related assets using the effective interest method. Amortization relating to the capitalized interest for fiscal year 2014 was $369,521.

Prepaid Interest

Prepaid interest paid on certain bond refundings is capitalized and amortized over the life of the bond. The Authority has incurred $1,616,742 in prepaid interest. Accumulated amortization as of June 30, 2014 was $808,798. Amortization of prepaid interest of $112,066 is included in the caption "Interest expense" on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for fiscal year 2014.

Deferred Outflows

Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging activities decreased $709,932 in fiscal year 2014.

Deferred losses on bond refundings are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. The net deferred loss on bond refundings totaled $4,572,700 at June 30, 2014. Amortization of the deferred loss on bond refundings was $1,629,746 for the year ended June 30, 2014, and is included in the caption "Interest expense" on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

Unavailable Rent

Unavailable rent represents lease payments made for facilities prior to occupancy. Unavailable rent is amortized over the life of the lease as rental revenue. Construction funds remaining after project completion are applied to rent revenue and reduce unavailable rent.

Long-term Obligations

In the Statement of Net Position, long-term debt is reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

The net premiums and discounts on the bonds totaled $6,304,451 at June 30, 2014. Amortization of the bond premiums and discounts was a net of $994,234 for the year ended June 30, 2014, and is included in the caption "Interest expense" on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

Significant Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and reported revenues and expenses. Significant estimates used in preparing these financial statements include those assumed in determining the useful lives on capital assets and the fair value of the interest rate contract. It is at least reasonably possible that the significant estimates used will change within the next year.

Note 2 - Projects

The lease agreements for each project provide that the State or Districts have the option to renew the lease for successive fiscal years, subject to annual appropriation by the State Legislature. Annual rent typically is equal to (1) the annual debt service requirement, net of any monies available to the Authority for payment of such debt service, and (2) the portion of the Authority's budget for operating and administrative expenses related to each project.

A. Expected Future Rent:

The expected future lease receipts to be used for debt service are as follows:

Project 8	State Prison Facility Project	$ 53,230,000
Project 11	State School and Hospital Project	6,958,000
Project 13	Idaho Water Center Project	87,620,000
Project 14	Idaho State University Classroom and Portion of Residence Building Project	9,146,000
Project 15	College of Western Idaho Academic Building *[formerly part of the Boise State University West Campus]*	6,495,000
Project 16	University of Idaho Teaching and Learning Center Project	8,771,000
Project 17	Lewis-Clark State College Campus Classroom and Activity Center Project	7,495,000
Project 18	North Idaho College Allied Health, Nursing & Life Sciences Building Project	8,268,000
Project 19	College of Southern Idaho Fine Arts Addition Project	4,043,000
Project 20	Idaho State Police POST Training Facility Project	1,719,000
Project 21	Eastern Idaho Technical College, Health Education Building Project	9,905,000
Project 22	Idaho State Capitol Restoration and Expansion Project	12,170,000
Project 23	Lava Hot Springs Project	841,000
Project 27	Idaho Parks and Recreation Office Building Project	3,862,000
Project 28	Capitol Mall Parking Project	12,550,000
		$ 233,073,000

B. Description of the Facilities Leased:

Project No. 8 - 1998 State Prison Facility Project (2008 Series A Bonds)

Under a "Ground Lease", the Authority leased land from the State. Under an annually renewable "Agreement of Lease" with the State, the Authority constructed a new prison facility in Boise and the facilities are leased to the State. The 1998 Series A State Building Revenue Bonds were issued for the purpose of financing the acquisition, construction, improvement, and equipping of new facilities. The State has the option to purchase the facilities from the Authority at any time for the greater of the fair market value of the facilities or the amount required to satisfy all outstanding indebtedness related to the facilities. On June 26, 2008, the 2008 Series A State Building Refunding Variable Rate Revenue Bonds were issued to retire $47,705,000 of the 1998 Series A State Building Revenue Bonds.

Project No. 11 - State School and Hospital Project (2012 Series A Revenue Bonds)

Under a "Ground Lease", the Authority leased land from the State. Under an annually renewable "Facilities Lease" with the State, the Authority began construction of a new State School and Hospital in Nampa and the facilities are leased to the State. The State transferred $399,840 to the Authority for the commencement of this project. The balance of the costs of the facilities was financed through the proceeds of the sale of the 2001 Series B Revenue Bonds. On April 10, 2012, to achieve a debt service savings, the Authority issued Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2012A, to refund the 2001B revenue bonds.

Project No. 13 - Idaho Water Center Project (2003 B Revenue Bonds and 2012 Series B Revenue Bonds)

Pursuant to an Agreement for Financing and Development of the Idaho Water Center entered into as of December 17, 2002, between the Authority and Idaho Department of Water Resources (IDWR), the Regents of the University of Idaho (University), and the University of Idaho Foundation, Inc. (UIF), the Authority agreed to provide for the financing and development of new office, education and research facilities to be known as the Idaho Water Center in Boise, Idaho. Simultaneously, the Authority entered into a Facilities Lease whereby IDWR and the University have leased the new facilities on an annually renewable basis and have agreed to assume all costs and responsibilities for the operation and maintenance of the facilities during the lease term and each renewal term. The Facilities Lease contemplates that certain office and research space within the facilities will be made available to the United States Forest Service for its use related to water resource management and research and potentially to other private or public uses. An Operating Agreement entered into between IDWR and the University sets forth the manner in which IDWR and the University will share responsibilities and costs under the Facilities Lease. Also on December 17, 2002, the Authority issued its State Building Revenue Bonds, Series 200A and 200B, to finance the costs of the Idaho Water Center project, including site purchase, facility design, and construction. On June 19, 2012, to achieve a debt service savings, the Authority issued Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2012B, to refund the 2003A tax-exempt revenue bonds.

Project No. 14 - Idaho State University Project (2003 D Revenue Bonds and 2012 Series C Revenue Bonds)

Under a "Development Agreement" and an annually renewable "Site and Facilities Lease" with the State, the Authority will use the proceeds of the 2003 Series D bonds to pay for the design, construction and development of a central classroom building on the Idaho State University campus in Pocatello, Idaho on a site leased by the Authority from the Idaho State University pursuant to a "Site Lease". The building is being leased to the State acting through the Idaho Department of Administration (IDOA) and Idaho State University pursuant to a "Facilities Lease", with annual rent payable from the funds appropriated annually by the Idaho State Legislature. On April 10, 2012, to achieve a debt service savings, the Authority issued Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2012C, to refund the 2003D revenue bonds.

Project No. 15 - College of Western Idaho Academic Building, *[formerly part of the Boise State University West Campus]*: (2003 E Revenue Bonds and 2012 Series D Revenue Bonds)

Under a "Development Agreement" and an annually renewable "Site and Facilities Lease" with the State, the Authority used the proceeds of the 2003 Series E bonds to pay for the design, construction and development of a classroom building known as the West Campus Academic Building for Boise State University's West Campus in Nampa, Idaho on a site leased by the Authority from Boise State University pursuant to a "Site Lease". The facility was leased to the State acting through the IDOA and Boise State University pursuant to a "Facilities Lease", with annual rent payable from the funds appropriated annually by the Idaho State Legislature. With consent of the Authority, in 2008 Boise State University transferred its interest in the project and surrounding property to College of Western Idaho, an Idaho community college district formed in 2007. On April 10, 2012, to achieve a debt service savings, the Authority issued Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2012D, to refund the 2003E revenue bonds.

Project No. 16 - University of Idaho Project (2003 F Revenue Bonds and 2012 Series E Revenue Bonds)

Under a "Development Agreement" and an annually renewable "Site and Facilities Lease" with the State, the Authority used the proceeds of the 2003 Series F bonds to pay for the design, construction and development of a renovation of the University Classroom Center as the Teaching and Learning Center at the University of Idaho in Moscow, Idaho which includes reconfiguration of current classroom spaces to enhance teaching and learning on a site leased by the Authority from University of Idaho pursuant to a "Site Lease". The facility is being leased to the State acting through the IDOA and University of Idaho pursuant to a "Facilities Lease", with annual rent payable from the funds appropriated annually by the Idaho State Legislature. On April 10, 2012, to achieve a debt service savings, the Authority issued Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2012E, to refund the 2003F revenue bonds.

Project No. 17 - Lewis-Clark State College Project (2003 G Revenue Bonds and 2012 Series F Revenue Bonds)

Under a "Development Agreement" and an annually renewable "Site and Facilities Lease" with the State, the Authority used the proceeds of the 2003 Series G bonds to pay for the design, construction and development of a multi-purpose educational facility for Lewis-Clark State College in Lewiston, Idaho on a site leased by the Authority from Lewis-Clark State College pursuant to a "Site Lease". The facility is being leased to the State acting through the IDOA and Lewis-Clark State College pursuant to a "Facilities Lease", with annual rent payable from the funds appropriated annually by the Idaho State Legislature. On April 10, 2012, to achieve a debt service savings, the Authority issued Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2012F, to refund the 2003G revenue bonds.

Project No. 18 - North Idaho College Project (2003 H Revenue Bonds and 2012 Series G Revenue Bonds)

Under a "Development Agreement" and an annually renewable "Site and Facilities Lease" with the State and the District, the Authority used the proceeds of the 2003 Series H bonds to pay for the design, construction and development of a Health Sciences Building at North Idaho College in Coeur d'Alene, Idaho on a site leased by the Authority from North Idaho College pursuant to a "Site Lease". The facility is being leased to the State, acting through the IDOA, and North Idaho College pursuant to a "Facilities Lease", with annual rent payable from the funds appropriated annually by the Idaho State Legislature. On April 10, 2012, to achieve a debt service savings, the Authority issued Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2012G, to refund the 2003H revenue bonds.

Project No. 19 - College of Southern Idaho Project (2003 I Revenue Bonds and 2012 Series H Revenue Bonds)

Under a "Development Agreement" and an annually renewable "Site and Facilities Lease" with the State and the District, the Authority used the proceeds of the 2003 Series I bonds to pay the costs of renovating an existing Fine Arts building and to pay for the design, construction and development of an enclosure and an addition to such building, all for the College of Southern Idaho in Twin Falls, Idaho on a site leased by the Authority from College of Southern Idaho pursuant to a "Site Lease". The facility is being leased to the State, acting through the IDOA, and College of Southern Idaho pursuant to a "Facilities Lease", with annual rent payable from the funds appropriated annually by the Idaho State Legislature. On April 10, 2012, to achieve a debt service savings, the Authority issued Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2012H, to refund the 2003I revenue bonds.

Project No. 20 - Idaho State Police / POST Academy Project (2003 J Revenue Bonds and 2012 Series I Revenue Bonds)

Under a “Development Agreement” and an annually renewable “Site and Facilities Lease” with the State, the Authority used the proceeds of the 2003 Series J bonds to pay for the design, construction and development of a training facility to be used by the Idaho State Police / POST Academy for basic training for new police recruits and in-service training for police officers on a site leased by the Authority from the Idaho State Board of Commissioners pursuant to a “Site Lease”. The facility is being leased to the State acting through the IDOA and Idaho State Police pursuant to a “Facilities Lease”, with annual rent payable from the funds appropriated annually by the Idaho State Legislature. On April 10, 2012, to achieve a debt service savings, the Authority issued Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2012I, to refund the 2003J revenue bonds.

Project No. 21 - Eastern Idaho Technical College Project (2005 A Revenue Bonds and 2013 Series B Revenue Bonds)

Under a “Development Agreement” and an annually renewable “Site and Facilities Lease” with the State, the Authority used the proceeds of the 2005 Series A bonds to pay for the design, construction and development of an educational facility to be used by the Eastern Idaho Technical College for the Nursing/Health Education programs on the Campus on a site leased by the Authority from the Idaho State Board of Commissioners pursuant to a “Site Lease”. The facility is being leased to the State acting through the IDOA and Eastern Idaho Technical College pursuant to a “Facilities Lease”, with annual rent payable from the funds appropriated annually by the Idaho State Legislature. On March 14, 2013, to achieve a debt service savings, The Authority issued Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2013B, to refund the callable portion of the 2005A revenue bonds. This resulted in a Net Present Value Savings of 3.577% of refunded par value.

Project No. 22 - Idaho State Capitol Restoration and Expansion Project (2006 A Revenue Bonds)

Under a “Development Agreement” and an annually renewable “Site and Facilities Lease” with the State, the Authority will use the proceeds of the 2006 Series A bonds to pay for the design, construction and development of the restoration and expansion of the State’s capitol building on a site leased by the Authority from the Idaho State Board of Commissioners pursuant to a “Site Lease”. The facility is being leased to the State acting through the IDOA and State of Idaho Department of Administration pursuant to a “Facilities Lease”, with annual rent payable from the funds appropriated annually by the Idaho State Legislature.

Project No. 23 - Lava Hot Springs Foundation, 2008 Recreational Improvements (Revenue Note, Series 2008)

Under a “Development Agreement” and an annually renewable “Recreational Improvements Lease” with the State, the Authority used the proceeds of its “Revenue Note, Series 2008” to pay for the design, construction and development of two new speed slides and stair tower to access the slides to be used by the Lava Hot Springs Foundation. The improvements are being leased to the State acting through the Lava Hot Springs Foundation pursuant to the “Recreational Improvements Lease,” with annual rent payable from the funds appropriated annually by the Idaho Legislature.

Project No. 24 - Idaho Department of Correction Secure Mental Health Treatment Facility

Under an "Agreement for Financing and Development of the Mental Health Facility" the Idaho Department of Correction transferred $2.9 million to the Authority to pay for initial project development costs, including the administration, coordination and technical support to establish planning, site analysis and selection, preliminary plans, and the project development budget relating to a secure mental health facility. At the direction of the Board of Correction, IDOC instructed the Authority to return unexpended project funds to the State. The decision of the State was to not undertake the project. Using funds provided the State, the project incurred expenses totaling $1,735,435. These expenses have been written off as a loss.

Project No. 25 - Idaho Department of Correction Prison Industries (PI) Warehouse Building Conversion

Under a "Prison Expansion Agreement" and an annually renewable "Prison Facilities Lease", the Authority used funds transferred to it by the Idaho Department of Correction to pay for the design and construction of the conversion of a warehouse building to additional inmate housing and related uses. The improvements are part of the Prison Facilities leased by the Department of Correction in accordance with the "Prison Facilities Lease", with annual rent payable from the funds appropriated annually by the Idaho Legislature. Upon completion of this project, it was combined with Project No. 8 in fiscal year 2013.

Project No. 26 - University of Idaho Livestock and Environmental Research

Under a "Project Planning Agreement" with the University of Idaho, the Authority used funds transferred from the University of Idaho to pay for the initial costs of planning and design of a dairy and beef science and environmental research and education facility to be used by the University of Idaho and College of Southern Idaho. An architectural firm was contracted to provide pre-design services and that work has been completed. Further work on the project has been suspended pending further evaluation by the University of Idaho.

Project No. 27 – Office Building, Idaho Department of Parks and Recreation

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 123 authorized the Department of Parks and Recreation to enter into agreements with the Authority to restructure financing of the Series 2001C bonds issued to acquire properties along Billingsley Creek in Hagerman Valley and to facilitate the exchange of property. In conjunction with the issuance of the Series 2012J Bonds, the Authority executed a new lease with the State acting by and through its Department of Administration (IDOA) and the Idaho Parks and Recreation Board through IDPR replacing the lease of the Billingsley Creek properties with a lease of an existing office building and related improvements of the IDPR statewide headquarter building. The site is leased by the Authority from the State acting by and through IDPR pursuant to a "Premises Lease". The facility is leased to the State, acting through IDOA, pursuant to a "Facilities Lease," with annual rent payable from the funds appropriated annually by the Idaho State Legislature.

Project No. 28 – Capitol Mall Parking Garage

Under a "Development Agreement" and an annually renewable "Site and Facilities Lease" with the State, the Authority is using the proceeds of the Series 2013A Bonds to pay for the design, construction and development of the Capitol Mall Parking Garage on a site leased by the Authority from the State acting by and through its DOA pursuant to a "Site Lease." The facility is being leased to the State acting through the IDOA pursuant to a "Facilities Lease" with annual rent payable from funds appropriated annually by the State Legislature.

Note 3 - Money Market Funds and Investments

Idaho Code, Section 67-6409(m), stipulates the standard to be followed by the Authority in investing funds. The Code provides for investing any funds not needed for immediate use or disbursement, including any funds held in reserve, in:

1. bonds, notes and other obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof and other securities secured by such bonds, notes or other obligation;
2. money market funds which are insured or the assets of which are limited to obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof;
3. time certificates of deposit and savings accounts;
4. commercial paper which, at the time of its purchase, is rated in the highest category by a nationally recognized rating service; and
5. property or securities in which the state treasurer may invest funds in the state treasury pursuant to section 67-1210, Idaho Code.

The Authority is further restricted in its investments by the individual bond documents and all holdings are in accordance with those restrictions.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Authority will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All money market funds and other investments are uninsured and uncollateralized and are held in the Authority's name in custody of Zions National Bank and Wells Fargo National Bank. As of June 30, 2014, the carrying amount and account balance of money market funds was $4,533,783 and $4,535,022, respectively. The carrying amount and market value of investments was $4,237,727, as of June 30, 2014.

Credit Risk

The risk that an issuer of securities or a counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation is commonly expressed in terms of the credit quality rating issued by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization such as Moody's, Standard & Poor's and Fitch's. The ratings presented below use the Moody's scale.

Interest Rate Risk

Investments in securities that are fixed for longer periods are likely to experience greater variability in their fair values due to future changes in interest rates. The table below depicts the maturities of investments.

Concentration of Credit Risk

When investments are concentrated in one issuer, this concentration represents heightened risk of potential loss. No specific percentage identifies when concentration risk is present. GASB has adopted a principle that governments should provide note disclosures when 5% of the total entities' investments are concentrated in any one issuer. Investments in obligations specifically guaranteed by the U.S. government, mutual funds, and other pooled investments are exempt from disclosure. The Authority places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. Wells Fargo Advantage Government Money Market Funds and other investments held by Wells Fargo represent 83.2% of the balance. Invesco Stit-Treasury Money Market Funds held by Zions National Bank represent 16.8% of the balance.

Authority Policy

Except as expressly provided by the above referenced statutory standards or the individual bond documents, the Authority does not have formal policies relating to custodial credit risk, credit risk, interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk.

Current Investments

As of June 30, 2014, the cost and fair market values of the Authority's money market funds and other investments were as follows:

	Cost	Market	Maturity	Rating
FHLB Securities	$ 3,238,408	$ 3,176,046	Sept. 2014 -	Aaa
Farm Credit Securities	523,677	505,196	Dec. 2014	Aaa
Farmer Mac Guaranteed Securities	577,300	556,485	Apr. 2017	Aaa
Wells Fargo Advantage Government Money Market Fund	3,061,724	3,061,724	N/A	Aaa
Invesco Stit - Treasury PTF-PRV (TPFXX)	1,472,059	1,472,059		
	$ 8,873,168	$ 8,771,510		

Note 4 - Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increase	Decrease	Transfers	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not depreciated					
Land	$ 2,109,391	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 2,109,391
Construction in progress	1,729,553	6,510,605	-	-	8,240,158
Capital assets, depreciated					
Facilities	331,559,232	-	-	-	331,559,232
Total capital assets	335,398,176	6,510,605	-	-	341,908,781
Accumulated depreciation					
Facilities	(58,260,112)	(8,288,984)	-	-	(66,549,096)
Capital assets, net	$277,138,064	$ (1,778,379)	$ -	$ -	$ 275,359,685

Note 5 - Bonds Payable and Other Long-Term Debt

Bonds payable as of June 30, 2014:

Project 8 - State Building Refunding Variable Rate Revenue Bonds, 2008 Series A, initially bear interest at a weekly rate and the first interest payment date is August 1, 2008. The initial weekly interest rate was 1.55%. The method of determining the interest rate may be changed from time to time to a daily, weekly, term or fixed rate. The Authority has the option to redeem the bonds when the interest rate is payable at a daily or weekly rate at a price of the principal amount, plus any accrued interest. Average interest rate for fiscal year 2014 was 0.16%. The bonds mature on September 1, 2025.	$ 40,940,000
Project 11 - State Building Refunding Revenue Bonds, 2012 Series A, interest from 2% to 5% maturing annually on September 1 through 2026. The Series 2012 A Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption and retirement prior to maturity on or after September 1, 2019 to 2024, at 100% of the principal amount, plus any accrued interest.	5,395,000
Project 13 - State Building Revenue Bonds, 2003 Series B, interest from 4.93% to 5.98%, interest only through 2010, maturing annually on September 1, 2010 through 2029.	11,420,000
Project 13 - State Building Refunding Revenue Bonds, 2012 Series B, interest from 2% to 5% maturing annually on September 1, 2023 through 2032. The Series 2012 B Bonds maturing on September 1, 2023 are subject to optional redemption on September 1, 2022 and on any date thereafter in whole or part at the principal amount, plus any accrued interest. The Series 2012 B Bonds maturing on September 1, 2026, 2037, and 2040 are subject to mandatory redemption and retirement prior to maturity on or after September 1, 2023 to 2040, at 100% of the principal amount, plus any accrued interest.	37,575,000
Project 14 - State Building Refunding Revenue Bonds, 2012 Series C, interest from 3% to 5% maturing annually on September 1 through 2023. The Series 2012 C Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption and retirement prior to maturity on or after September 1, 2019 to 2023, at 100% of the principal amount, plus any accrued interest.	7,285,000
Project 15 - State Building Refunding Revenue Bonds, 2012 Series D, interest from 3% to 5% maturing annually on September 1 through 2023. the Series 2012D Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption and retirement prior to maturity on or after September 1, 2019 to 2023, at 100% of the principal amount, plus any accrued interest.	5,180,000
Project 16 - State Building Refunding Revenue Bonds, 2012 Series E, interest from 3% to 5% maturing annually on September 1 through 2023. The Series 2012 E Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption and retirement prior to maturity on or after September 1, 2019 to 2023, at 100% of the principal amount, plus any accrued interest.	6,965,000
Project 17 - State Building Refunding Revenue Bonds, 2012 Series F, interest from 3% to 5% maturing annually on September 1 through 2023. The Series 2012 F Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption and retirement prior to maturity on or after September 1, 2019 to 2023, at 100% of the principal amount, plus any accrued interest.	5,960,000

Project 18 - State Building Refunding Revenue Bonds, 2012 Series G, interest from 3% to 5% maturing annually on September 1 through 2023. The Series 2012 G Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption and retirement prior to maturity on or after September 1, 2019 to 2023, at 100% of the principal amount, plus any accrued interest.	6,625,000
Project 19 - State Building Refunding Revenue Bonds, 2012 Series H, interest from 3% to 5% maturing annually on September 1 through 2023. The Series 2012 H Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption and retirement prior to maturity on or after September 1, 2019 to 2023, at 100% of the principal amount, plus any accrued interest.	3,230,000
Project 20 - State Building Refunding Revenue Bonds, 2012 Series I, interest from 3% to 5% maturing annually on September 1 through 2023. The Series 2012 I Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption and retirement prior to maturity on or after September 1, 2019 to 2023, at 100% of the principal amount, plus any accrued interest.	1,370,000
Project 21 - State Building Revenue Bonds, 2005 Series A, interest from 3.5% to 4.0% maturing annually on September 1 through 2026. During 2013, the Authority refunded the bonds due after 2015 with the 2013 Bond Series B. The remaining bonds are due September 1, 2015.	970,000
Project 21 - State Building Refunding Revenue Bonds, 2013 Series B, interest from 2.4% to 4%, maturing annually on September 1, 2016 through 2026. The Authority has the option to redeem the bonds on September 1, 2024 or September 1, 2026 at par value.	6,905,000
Project 22 - State Building Revenue Bonds, 2006 Series A, interest from 4% to 5% maturing annually on September 1 through 2014.	11,885,000
Project 23 - State Building Revenue Note, Series 2008 bears interest of 5.52% for the first five years, to be reset every five years, maturing in 15 years. The rate was reset to 3.45% on October 1, 2013.	736,416
Project 27 - State Building Refunding Revenue Bonds, 2012 Series J, interest from .50% to 2.70% maturing annually on September 1, 2013 to September 1, 2021.	3,585,000
Project 28 - State Building Revenue Bonds, 2013 Series A, interest from 2% to 4.5%. Principal payments due September 1, 2014 through September 1, 2033. The Authority has the option to call the bonds on September 1, 2023.	9,045,000
	165,071,416
Net unamortized premium and discount on bonds payable	6,304,451
Total bonds/notes payable	$ 171,375,867

Maturities of bonds/notes payable is as follows for the years ended June 30:

	Principal	Interest
2015	$ 19,472,910	$ 6,791,980
2016	8,185,178	6,208,058
2017	8,532,326	5,914,576
2018	8,874,648	5,581,184
2019	9,631,354	5,221,663
2020-2024	52,565,000	19,184,508
2025-2029	21,570,000	9,305,564
2030-2034	15,200,000	6,371,541
2035-2039	15,310,000	3,163,125
2040-2042	5,730,000	255,000
Total	$ 165,071,416	$ 67,997,199

All bonds referred to above are direct obligations of the Authority payable from and secured by a pledge of lease revenues and other funds and reserves held under the bond resolutions. Except for the 2008A Series bonds for which the Authority has a funded debt service reserve, there are no debt service reserve requirements for all other outstanding bonds. No claims or demands upon these surety bonds were outstanding at June 30, 2014.

Changes to long-term debt are as follows:

Balance, June 30, 2013	$ 198,957,437
Deletions- bond/note principal	(26,587,336)
Amortization of premiums and discounts	(994,234)
Balance, June 30, 2014	$ 171,375,867

Defeasance of Debt

The Authority defeased certain other bonds by placing funds into an irrevocable trust that are sufficient to provide for all future debt payments on these bonds. Consequently, the related liability was appropriately removed from the financial statements in the year of defeasance.

The remaining outstanding debt payable as of June 30, 2014 for each defeased bond issue follows:

Bond Issue	Amount Defeased	Remaining Liability
2003 Series B 2027-2030	$ 4,765,000	$ 4,765,000
2003 Series D	$ 7,640,000	$ 7,640,000
2003 Series E	$ 5,430,000	$ 5,430,000
2003 Series F	$ 7,350,000	$ 7,350,000
2003 Series G	$ 6,280,000	$ 6,280,000
2003 Series H	$ 6,900,000	$ 6,900,000
2003 Series I	$ 3,385,000	$ 3,385,000
2003 Series J	$ 1,435,000	$ 1,435,000
2001 Series C	$ 3,815,000	$ 3,815,000
2005 Series A	$ 6,935,000	$ 6,935,000

Arbitrage

Based upon currently available information regarding earnings subject to arbitrage limitations, an estimated arbitrage rebate liability of $8,178 has been determined and recorded in the Statement of Net Position for the 2005 Series A bonds. No other arbitrage liability has been determined or recorded as of June 30, 2014.

Hedging Derivative Instrument Payments and Hedged Debt

Per the June 27, 2008 schedule, estimated debt service of the Authority's 2008A Bonds and estimated net receipts (payments) on the associated interest rate contract for the remaining years are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Estimated Principal Repayment Schedule (1)	Interest (2)	Ongoing Expenses(3)	Total Annual Cost	Earnings on Debt Service Funds(4)	Net Annual Cost
2015	$ 2,355,000	$ 1,674,303	$ 116,777	$ 4,146,080	$ (244,787)	$ 3,901,293
2016	2,465,000	1,578,012	110,646	4,153,658	(246,354)	3,907,304
2017	2,575,000	1,471,726	104,229	4,150,955	(247,741)	3,903,214
2018	2,695,000	1,361,484	97,525	4,154,009	(249,357)	3,904,652
2019	2,815,000	1,252,179	90,510	4,157,689	(250,989)	3,906,700
2020	2,960,000	1,119,301	83,179	4,162,480	(252,947)	3,909,533
2021	3,090,000	998,570	75,476	4,164,046	(254,674)	3,909,372
2022	3,230,000	866,686	67,432	4,164,118	(256,500)	3,907,618
2023	3,380,000	728,725	59,023	4,167,748	(258,517)	3,909,231
2024	3,535,000	587,100	50,224	4,172,324	(260,618)	3,911,706
2025	3,695,000	431,895	41,022	4,167,917	(262,624)	3,905,293
2026	8,145,000	68,546	15,621	8,229,167	(4,317,584)	3,911,583
	$40,940,000	$12,138,527	$ 911,664	$53,990,191	$(7,102,692)	$46,887,499

(1) The Authority retains the option to amortize more or less principal in a given year in response to interest rate levels and other factors.

(2) Assumed rates of 4.30% (for the $43.36 million of Series 2008A Bonds subject to the 2003 Interest Rate Contract) and 2.61% (for the remaining unhedged Series 2008A Bonds), the latter of which is based on a historical average and not current rates. Assumes principal payments on June 1 of the Fiscal Years shown, except for Fiscal Year 2026, which assumes principal payment on September 1, 2025.

(3) Includes estimated fees related to the Standby Bond Purchase Agreement, the Remarketing Agreement and ongoing rating agency fees.

(4) Assumes an annual earnings rate of 3.60% and the use of reserve funds.

Note 6 - Derivative Instruments

Derivative Instruments

The Authority implemented GASB Statement No. 64, *Derivative Instruments: Application of Hedge Accounting Termination Provisions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 53* in Fiscal Year 2011. As a result of the implementation, the interest rate contract has been determined to be an effective hedge related to the outstanding bond. The interest rate contract is characterized as a derivative and is carried on the Statement of Net Position in Deferred Outflows and in Liabilities at fair value. The Authority holds no other derivative instruments.

The fair value balances and notional amounts of derivative instruments outstanding at June 30, 2014, classified by type, and the changes in fair value of such derivative instruments for the year then ended as reported in the 2014 financial statements are as follows:

	Classification	Decrease in Liability	Classification	June 30, 2014 Liability	Notional
Cash flow hedges					
Pay-fixed interest rate contract	Deferred Outflow	$ 709,932	Debt	$ 6,113,777	$ 36,120,000

The fair value of the interest rate contract was estimated using a proprietary pricing system of Barclays Capital.

Objective and Terms of Hedging Derivative Instruments

The following table displays the objective and terms of the Authority's hedging derivative instruments outstanding at June 30, 2014, along with the credit rating of the associated counterparty.

Type	Objective	Notional Amount	Effective Date	Maturity Date	Terms	Counterparty Credit Rating
Pay-fixed interest rate contract	Hedge of changes in cash flows on the 2008 Series A bonds	$ 36,120,000	December 1, 2008	September 1, 2025	Pay 4.3%; Receive 67% of 1-month LIBOR rate	A-1/A+

Risks

Credit Risk – the Authority is exposed to credit risk on the interest rate contract that could potentially be in an asset position. The counterparty credit rating is provided by Standard & Poor's.

Interest Rate Risk – the Authority is exposed to interest rate risk on its interest rate contract. As the one-month LIBOR rate decreases, the Authority's net payment on the interest rate contract increases.

Basis Risk – the Authority is exposed to basis risk on its interest rate contract because the variable-rate payments received by the Authority on this hedging instrument is based on a rate or index other than interest rates the Authority pays on its hedged variable-rate debt, which is currently remarketed every seven days. As of June 30, 2014, the interest rate on the Authority's hedged variable-rate debt was 0.082%, while 67% of 1-month LIBOR was 0.010%.

Termination Risk – the Authority or its counterparty may terminate the interest rate contract if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. In addition, the Authority may terminate at any time. If at the time of termination the interest rate contract is in a liability position, the Authority would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the liability.

Note 7 - Related Party Transactions

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, a partner in a law firm, which acts as general counsel for the Authority, served as Executive Director of the Authority. During 2014, the Authority expensed or capitalized $152,371 as fees and other reimbursable costs to the law firm of which the Executive Director is a partner. The Authority owed $13,225 of this amount at June 30, 2014.

Other Supplementary Information
June 30, 2014

Idaho State Building Authority

	Project 8 2008 A Revenue Bonds	Project 11 2012 A Revenue Bonds	Project 13 2003 B 2012 B Revenue Bonds	Project 14 2003 D 2012 C Revenue Bonds	Project 15 2003 E 2012 D Revenue Bonds
Assets					
Money market funds	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
Money market funds, restricted	937,268	25	127	32	103
Interest receivable	22,665	-	-	-	-
Investments, unrestricted	-	-	-	-	-
Investments, restricted	3,419,814	-	-	-	-
Prepaid interest	477,823	-	330,122	-	-
Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	42,134,007	6,664,575	32,801,938	14,394,466	7,622,133
Non-depreciable capital assets	40,050	-	2,069,340	-	-
Total assets	47,031,627	6,664,600	35,201,527	14,394,498	7,622,236
Deferred Outflows					
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging activities	6,113,777	-	-	-	-
Deferred amount on refundings	-	198,417	3,943,035	-	-
Total deferred outflows	6,113,777	198,417	3,943,035	-	-
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	6,462	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable - construction	-	-	-	-	-
Accrued interest payable	140,194	82,425	780,514	104,517	74,250
Unavailable rent	-	-	368,448	1,673,840	308,495
Other liabilities	6,113,777	-	-	-	-
Long-term liabilities					
Arbitrage payable - due after one year	-	-	-	-	-
Bonds/notes payable - due within one year	2,355,000	395,000	470,000	605,000	425,000
Bonds/notes payable - due after one year	38,585,000	5,501,382	50,248,695	7,264,201	5,165,340
Total liabilities	47,200,433	5,978,807	51,867,657	9,647,558	5,973,085
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	1,234,057	966,610	(11,904,382)	6,525,265	2,031,793
Amounts restricted for:					
Debt service	4,357,082	25	127	32	103
Project construction	-	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	353,832	(82,425)	(818,840)	(1,778,357)	(382,745)
Total net position	$ 5,944,971	$ 884,210	$ (12,723,095)	$ 4,746,940	$ 1,649,151

Project 16 2003 F 2012 E Revenue Bonds	Project 17 2003 G 2012 F Revenue Bonds	Project 18 2003 H 2012 G Revenue Bonds	Project 19 2003 I 2012 H Revenue Bonds	Project 20 2003 J 2012 I Revenue Bonds	Project 21 2005 A 2013 B Revenue Bonds	Project 22 2006 A Revenue Bonds	Project 23 Note Payable	Project 26 State Funds
$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
20	14	19	8	6	8,249	250	440	10,446
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9,854,322	11,122,464	9,344,689	6,698,539	1,696,281	8,905,064	112,430,112	1,341,546	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	78,219
9,854,342	11,122,478	9,344,708	6,698,547	1,696,287	8,913,313	112,430,362	1,341,986	88,665
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	362,617	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	362,617	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
102,133	87,300	90,850	46,200	19,442	110,303	95,703	25,403	-
380,381	602,910	427,373	307,071	44,793	-	5,369,885	136,655	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	8,178	-	-	-
575,000	485,000	555,000	270,000	115,000	475,000	11,885,000	62,910	-
6,979,392	5,966,246	6,561,063	3,212,712	1,363,066	7,964,937	68,106	673,506	-
8,036,906	7,141,456	7,634,286	3,835,983	1,542,301	8,558,418	17,418,694	898,474	-
2,299,930	4,671,218	2,228,626	3,215,827	218,215	827,744	100,477,006	605,130	78,219
20	14	19	8	6	8,249	250	440	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,446
(482,514)	(690,210)	(518,223)	(353,271)	(64,235)	(118,481)	(5,465,588)	(162,058)	-
$ 1,817,436	$ 3,981,022	$ 1,710,422	$ 2,862,564	$ 153,986	$ 717,512	$ 95,011,668	$ 443,512	$ 88,665

	Project 27 2012J Refunding Bonds	Project 28 2013A Revenue Bonds	Unreserved Funds	Administrative Fund	Totals
Assets					
Money market funds	$ -	$ -	$ 2,013,801	$ 99,157	$ 2,112,958
Money market funds, restricted	9	1,463,809	-	-	2,420,825
Interest receivable	-	-	5,441	-	28,106
Investments, unrestricted	-	-	817,913	-	817,913
Investments, restricted	-	-	-	-	3,419,814
Prepaid interest	-	-	-	-	807,945
Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	-	-	-	-	265,010,136
Non-depreciable capital assets	-	8,161,940	-	-	10,349,549
Total assets	9	9,625,749	2,837,155	99,157	284,967,246
Deferred Outflows					
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging activities	-	-	-	-	6,113,777
Deferred amount on refundings	68,631	-	-	-	4,572,700
Total Deferred Outflows	68,631	-	-	-	10,686,477
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	-	-	-	16,990	23,452
Accounts payable - construction	-	480,975	-	-	480,975
Accrued interest payable	20,248	100,194	-	-	1,879,676
Unavailable rent	-	-	-	-	9,619,851
Other liabilities	-	-	-	-	6,113,777
Long-term liabilities					
Arbitrage payable - due after one year	-	-	-	-	8,178
Bonds/notes payable - due within one year	470,000	330,000	-	-	19,472,910
Bonds/notes payable - due after one year	3,107,848	9,241,463	-	-	151,902,957
Total liabilities	3,598,096	10,152,632	-	16,990	189,501,776
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	-	(1,409,523)	-	-	112,065,735
Amounts restricted for:					
Debt service	9	-	-	-	4,366,384
Project construction	-	1,463,809	-	-	1,474,255
Unrestricted (deficit)	(3,529,465)	(581,169)	2,837,155	82,167	(11,754,427)
Total net position	$ (3,529,456)	$ (526,883)	$ 2,837,155	$ 82,167	$ 106,151,947

	Project 8 2008 A Revenue Bonds	Project 11 2012 A Revenue Bonds	Project 13 2003 B 2012 B Revenue Bonds	Project 14 2003 D 2012 C Revenue Bonds	Project 15 2003 E 2012 D Revenue Bonds
Operating Revenues					
Rent for revenue bonds	$ 4,081,649	$ 648,460	$ 2,880,259	$ 1,113,978	$ 710,292
Investment income	92,292	13	108	17	12
Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments	(56,996)	-	-	-	-
Total Operating Revenues	4,116,945	648,473	2,880,367	1,113,995	710,304
Operating Expenses					
Operating and administrative	2,500	-	-	-	-
Depreciation expense	1,568,178	244,847	1,078,129	429,767	251,048
Interest expense	1,623,587	267,827	2,456,946	438,884	333,517
Other financing expenses	252,608	-	-	-	-
Total Operating Expenses	3,446,873	512,674	3,535,075	868,651	584,565
Operating Income (Loss)	670,072	135,799	(654,708)	245,344	125,739
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (Under) Expenditures	670,072	135,799	(654,708)	245,344	125,739
Transfers					
Operating transfers out	(81,649)	(9,710)	-	(13,269)	(9,572)
Operating transfers in	-	-	-	-	-
Total Transfers	(81,649)	(9,710)	-	(13,269)	(9,572)
Change in Net Position	588,423	126,089	(654,708)	232,075	116,167
Net Position, Beginning of Year	5,356,548	758,121	(12,068,387)	4,514,865	1,532,984
Net Position, End of Year	$ 5,944,971	$ 884,210	$ (12,723,095)	$ 4,746,940	$ 1,649,151

Project 16 2003 F 2012 E Revenue Bonds	Project 17 2003 G 2012 F Revenue Bonds	Project 18 2003 H 2012 G Revenue Bonds	Project 19 2003 I 2012 H Revenue Bonds	Project 20 2003 J 2012 I Revenue Bonds	Project 21 2005 A 2013 B Revenue Bonds	Project 22 2006 A Revenue Bonds	Project 23 Note Payable
$ 963,615	$ 853,630	$ 898,133	$ 458,981	$ 183,964	$ 751,988	$ 25,500,357	$ 180,377
16	14	14	7	3	28	237	4
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	584
963,631	853,644	898,147	458,988	183,967	752,016	25,500,594	180,965
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,805
322,455	353,023	301,438	212,952	55,730	265,446	3,167,087	38,884
450,299	386,380	420,727	208,081	87,763	398,514	541,597	74,383
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
772,754	739,403	722,165	421,033	143,493	663,960	3,708,684	116,072
190,877	114,241	175,982	37,955	40,474	88,056	21,791,910	64,893
190,877	114,241	175,982	37,955	40,474	88,056	21,791,910	64,893
(12,958)	(11,092)	(12,164)	(5,978)	(2,523)	(11,265)	(132,522)	(1,728)
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(12,958)	(11,092)	(12,164)	(5,978)	(2,523)	(11,265)	(132,522)	(1,728)
177,919	103,149	163,818	31,977	37,951	76,791	21,659,388	63,165
1,639,517	3,877,873	1,546,604	2,830,587	116,035	640,721	73,352,280	380,347
$ 1,817,436	$ 3,981,022	$ 1,710,422	$ 2,862,564	$ 153,986	$ 717,512	$ 95,011,668	$ 443,512

	Project 26 State Funds	Project 27 2012 J Refunding Bonds	Project 28 2013 A Revenue Bonds	Unreserved Funds	Administrative Fund	Totals
Operating Revenues						
Rent for revenue bonds	$ -	$ 451,406	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 39,677,089
Investment income	1	7	830	31,811	31	125,445
Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments	-	-	-	(24,307)	-	(80,719)
Total Operating Revenues	1	451,413	830	7,504	31	39,721,815
Operating Expenses						
Operating and administrative	500	-	3,000	-	337,727	346,532
Depreciation expense	-	-	-	-	-	8,288,984
Interest expense	-	73,700	251,401	-	-	8,013,606
Other financing expenses	-	-	-	-	21,051	273,659
Total Operating Expenses	500	73,700	254,401	-	358,778	16,922,781
Operating Income (Loss)	(499)	377,713	(253,571)	7,504	(358,747)	22,799,034
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (Under) Expenditures	(499)	377,713	(253,571)	7,504	(358,747)	22,799,034
Transfers						
Operating transfers out	-	(4,216)	-	-	-	(308,646)
Operating transfers in	-	-	-	-	308,646	308,646
Total Transfers	-	(4,216)	-	-	308,646	-
Change in Net Position	(499)	373,497	(253,571)	7,504	(50,101)	22,799,034
Net Position, Beginning of Year	89,164	(3,902,953)	(273,312)	2,829,651	132,268	83,352,913
Net Assets, End of Year	$ 88,665	$ (3,529,456)	$ (526,883)	$ 2,837,155	$ 82,167	$ 106,151,947

Note 1 - Negative Unrestricted Net Position

The following is the analysis of the negative net unrestricted asset balances that are less than ($20,000) as of June 30, 2014 as shown on the Combining Statement of Net Position:

	Bond Series		Unrestricted Net Assets
Project 11	2012A	$	(82,425)
Project 13	2012B	$	(818,840)
Project 14	2003D, 2012C	$	(1,778,357)
Project 15	2003E, 2012D	$	(382,745)
Project 16	2003F, 2012E	$	(482,514)
Project 17	2003G, 2012F	$	(690,210)
Project 18	2003H, 2012G	$	(518,223)
Project 19	2003I, 2012H	$	(353,271)
Project 20	2003J, 2012I	$	(64,235)
Project 21	2005A, 2013B	$	(118,481)
Project 22	2006	$	(5,465,588)
Project 23	2008 Note	$	(162,058)
Project 27	2012J	$	(3,529,465)
Project 28	2013A	$	(581,169)

"Unrestricted" Net Position on the Combining Statement of Net Position is calculated as follows:

"Net Position, End of Year" (from the Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position), less "Net Investment in Capital Assets" (on the Combining Statement of Net Position), less "Restricted" net position (on the Combining Statement of Net Position).

Negative unrestricted net position occurs in several circumstances:

Unearned rent is a factor for Projects 13 through 20 and Projects 22 and 23. Unearned rent, net of amortization, represents rent received by the Authority for facilities prior to occupancy and is recorded as unearned rent (a liability) rather than rent income, thus decreasing net position. Upon occupancy, unearned rents are amortized over the remaining life of the projects' bonds, i.e. unearned rent is reduced and rent income in increased.

Capitalized interest causes a negative unrestricted net position for Project 22. Bond proceeds are used to pay interest during construction. Until the project is complete, interest expense is capitalized.

Interest-only bonds relating to Project 13 cause a negative unrestricted net position. Annual debt service of the 2003AB bonds was interest-only through fiscal year 2010. Thereafter, annual debt service is a combination of principal and interest. Interest-only debt causes the depreciation expense to reduce the net position balance without a corresponding decrease in debt. Net position declines each year by the noncash depreciation expense.

Projects 27 and 28 have negative unrestricted net positions due to the bonds being issued and little or no funds have been expended as of the fiscal year end.

Note 2 - Other Financing Expenses

Other financing expenses are costs related to the 2008A bonds. The on-going monitoring and financial advisor expenses are paid from Project No. 8's debt service account.

Independent Auditor’s Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

June 30, 2014

Idaho State Building Authority

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CPAs & BUSINESS ADVISORS

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Commissioners of the
Idaho State Building Authority
Boise, Idaho

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Idaho State Building Authority (the Authority) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and have issued our report thereon dated September 29, 2014. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards,* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Authority's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not yet been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters
As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, and contracts, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report
The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Eide Bailly LLP

Boise, Idaho
September 29, 2014